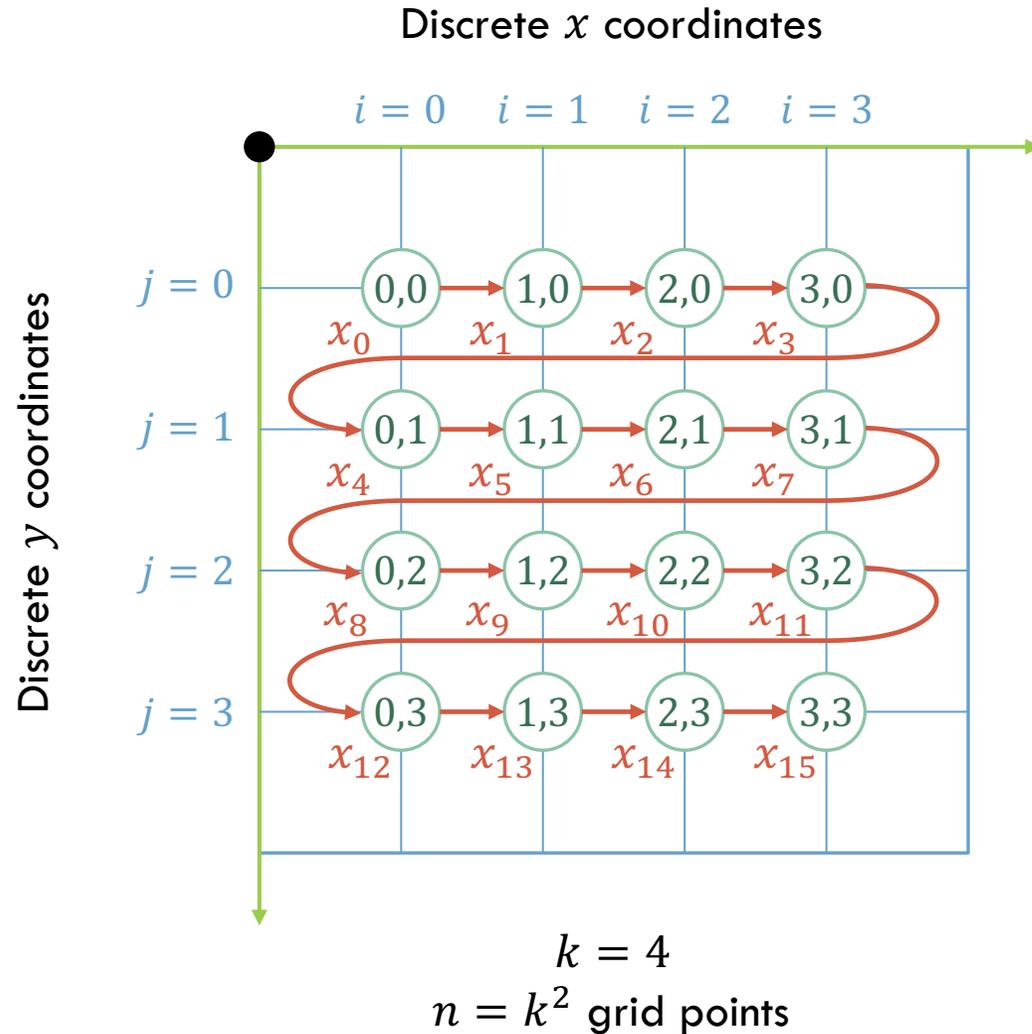




# BUILDING THE TEMPERATURE MATRIX

CS111 • SECTION B • SESSION 2

# DISCRETIZING THE DOMAIN



$k$  equations in  $k$  unknowns

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_\ell \\ \vdots \\ x_{n-2} \\ x_{n-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

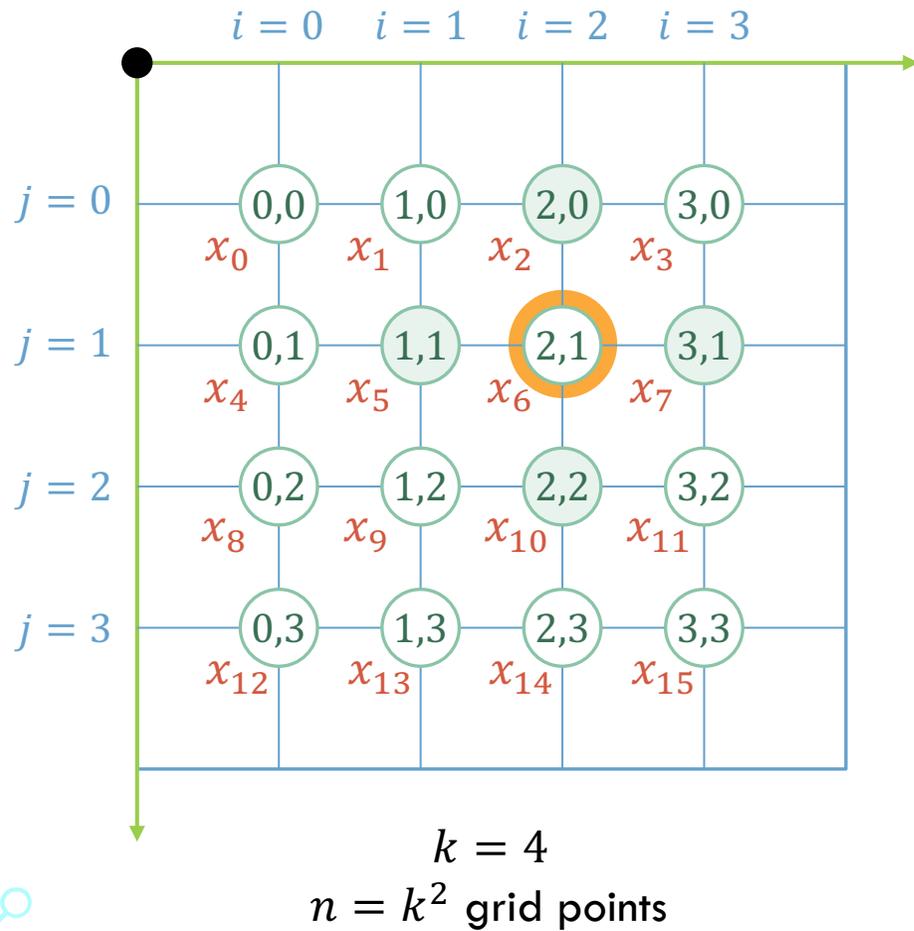
Further,

$$-x_{\ell-k} - x_{\ell-1} + 4x_\ell - x_{\ell+1} - x_{\ell+k} = 0$$

We want to solve the system

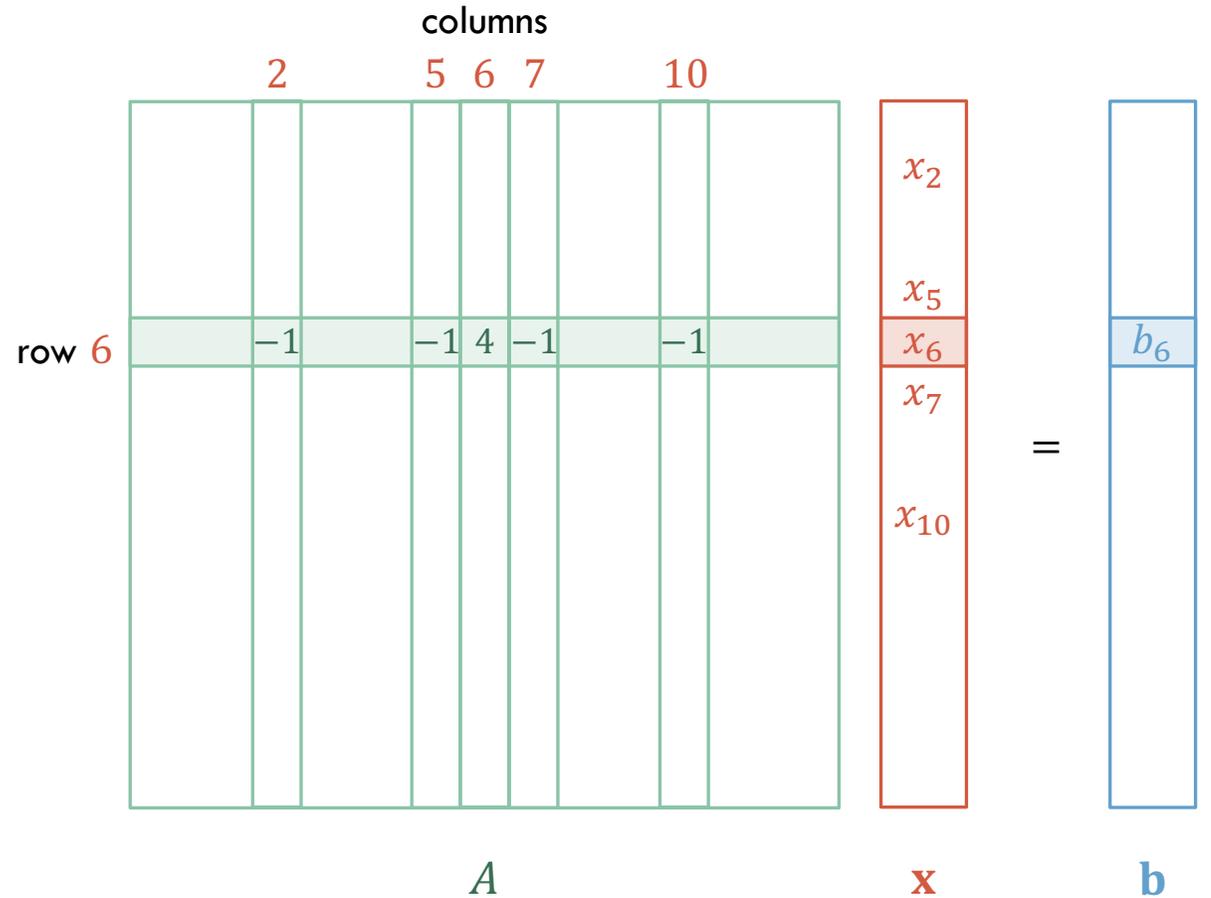
$$A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$$

# HOW TO CONSTRUCT $A$ ?

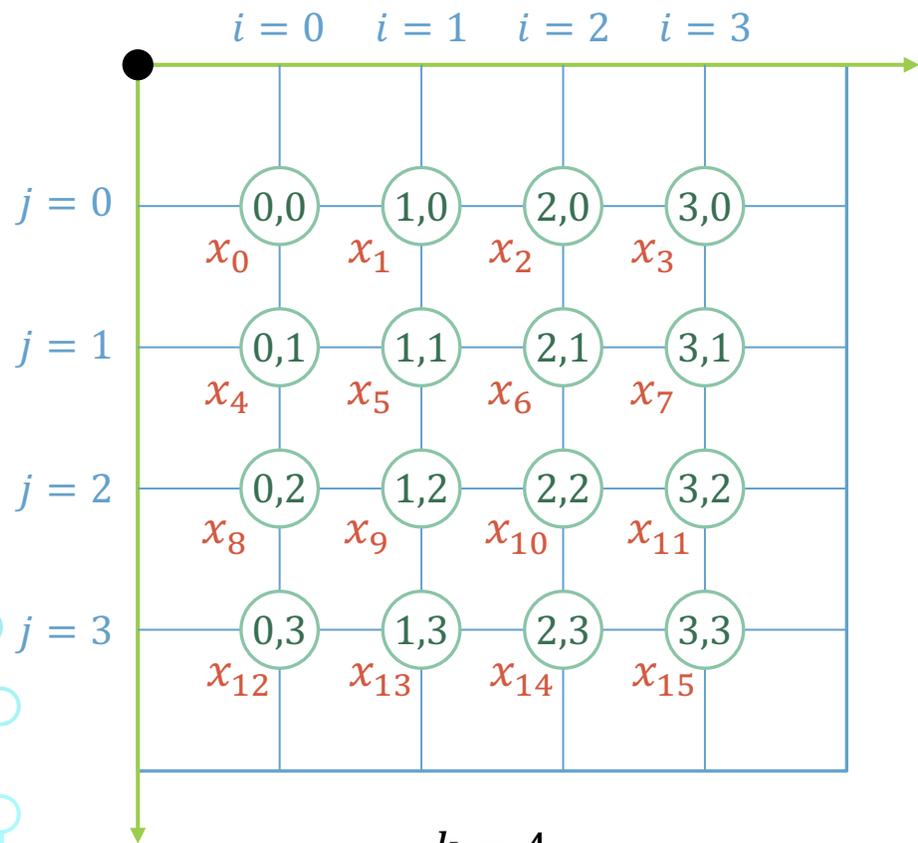


For example, for  $x_6$ , we have

$$-x_2 - x_5 + 4x_6 - x_7 - x_{10} = 0$$



# HOW TO CONSTRUCT A?



$k = 4$   
 $n = k^2$  grid points

$A$

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
No unknown top neighbors	0	4	-1		-1											
	1	-1	4	-1		-1										
	2		-1	4	-1		-1									
	3			-1	4	0		-1								
	4	-1		0	4	-1		-1								
	5	-1			-1	4	-1		-1							
	6		-1			-1	4	-1		-1						
	7			-1			-1	4	0		-1					
	8				-1			0	4	-1		-1				
	9					-1			-1	4	-1		-1			
	10						-1			-1	4	-1		-1		
	11							-1			-1	4	0		-1	
	12								-1			0	4	-1		
	13									-1			-1	4	-1	
	14										-1			-1	4	-1
	15											-1			-1	4

bottom neighbors  
No unknown

# QUESTIONS...

Suppose  $k = 3$ :

- How many unknowns (or grid points) are there?
- How big is  $A$ ?
- How many rows in  $A$  have all the values  $(-1, -1, +4, -1, -1)$ ?